THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WE. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866 NO. 125.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitute a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	3 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	6 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

NEWS BY THE MAILS.

The European Allies of Maximilian Ready to Support his Throne----Secretary Seward About to Sail for Vera Cruz----What for?

[From the New York News of Jan. 3.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30, 1865.

EUROPEAN ALLIES OF MAXIMILIAN.

The reports which have recently been circulated here, of the existence of a secret treaty between France, Mexico, Austria, Belgium, England, Italy and Spain, for the purpose of supporting Maximilian on the Mexican throne, have a more solid foundation than mere rumor. In several of my recent letters I have stated that the interests of these nations are identical, as regards the Mexican question, and on the 4th of November I stated that "in a war with the United States on the Mexican question, Napoleon would have for his allies, Austria, Belgium, England and Spain." On this point it may be well to recur to the fact that Mexico is a Catholic country, acknowledging in ecclesiastical matters the jurisdiction of the Pope, and that both Maximilian and the Empress Charlotte are devout Catholics. The interests of that church in America, are largely involved in the stability of the Mexican empire. Maximilian accepted the offer of the Mexican crown with the full sanction of the Pope; and before he left Europe for his new dominion, he went to Rome in order to receive the solemn benediction of the Holy Father. On the 10th of April, 1864, at Vienna, Maximilian received the Mexican deputation, and on accepting the crown, he said, "I am now on the point of leaving for my new country, paying, as I go, a visit to Rome, where I shall receive from the Holy Father that benediction which is precious for all sovereigns, but above all to me, called as I am to found a new empire." All the facts in regard to this European alliance for the support of the present government of Mexico, will be laid before Congress by the President, in reply to the resolutions calling for information in regard to Mexican affairs.

SECRETARY SEWARD GOING TO VERA CRUZ.

Mr. Campbell does not seem to be in any hurry to start for Mexico. His instructions do not certainly call for any activity on his part.—Senor Romero, and the friends of the Liberal cause generally, are much chagrined at this, and indeed at the appointment of Mr. Campbell at all, because he has not been known as an advocate for the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine. From all that I can learn it seems probable that the appointment was a broad farce, and that Mr. Campbell will not go to Mexico at all. Indeed, it is reported to-day that neither he nor Mr. Browning, the Secretary of Legation, will be confirmed by the Senate. It is said, also, that if Mr. Seward sails for the West Indies, as is contemplated, that Mr. Campbell will accompany him, and that the distinguished party will land, before they return—where do you suppose? Not at Brownsville or Galveston, *en route* for El Paso, but—at Vera Cruz! At Vera Cruz where they will be received with a salvo from the guns (new French guns, just mounted,) of San Juan de Ulloa, and where they will be escorted ashore by French naval officers, and be received on the pier by the officers of Maximilian. There is a nut for the *quid nunes* to crack. There is something in the wind, sure enough. Does it not smack of early recognition? The *Intelligencer*, of this morning, editorially says: "It is said that the United States steamer De Soto has been fitted up for a trip to Vera Cruz and Havanna, carrying out Mr. Seward and family, with the object of improving the health of the Secretary. In view of the destination stated, it is natural that some speculation should be indulged as to ulterior diplomatic objects of the trip. The De Soto will sail to-day or to-morrow."

Only that, and nothing more. But "ulterior diplomatic objects of the trip!" There are, then, "ulterior diplomatic objects." What can they be?

Horrible Tragedy--A Mother Poisons her Three Children---Effect of Spiritualism.

Brief mention was made a few days ago of the murder by their mother of three children, at Battle Creek, Michigan. The mother of the murdered children has since made the following confession:

I said to the Sheriff I wanted to go and make a full confession of the whole matter. I came to Battle Creek last Spring. I left a drunken husband, with whom I and my children could have no peace; often driven out of doors after dark. As I believed in spiritualism, I came here hoping that I could have the benefit of the lyceum for my children, and expecting to have my property to buy me a home for myself and my children. After coming here I found I could not get it, as I had been promised by the lawyers, and had it not been for Mr. Baker's assistance, we should have suffered more than we did. I got Mr. Baldwin, when I was sick a bed, and with but very little in the house to eat, to apply to the Moral Police Fraternity for assistance; he assisted me some, but they did not. The reason they gave was because Mr. Baker their magnanimous forbearance if he will abdi boarded with me. They seemed to think that we ought to be married, but I did not feel as though I was obliged to marry a man because he had treated me kindly.

After Lizzie Merritt came to board with me she also helped me a great deal; had hard work to keep my children where they should be—the little boys especially. I had always tried to bring them up honestly, but as they grew older I saw the manifestations of their father in them, and I was all the time worrying if they were out of my sight, for fear they would get to stealing, or the father would get the two little ones. When I looked forward to the time when my children should be men and women, I feared for them; that they would have to suffer by transgressing the laws of the land; and I thought as I had been the author of their existence in a measure, it was better to send them to the spirit world while they were innocent, and if any one had to suffer I would do it instead of them. These are the many reasons which have actuated me for the past five weeks, altho' I kept them locked up in my own bosom. The two little ones, John and Libby—their father was a thief and a drunkard, and I feared that if he took the children from me they would walk in his steps; and as I looked to the future I saw a worse fate for my daughter Libby if he had her. If I had received that love and sympathy that I ought to have received when I came a widow and a stranger in a strange place, it might have been different. I walked the streets many days to sell books to obtain something for the children's comfort, but with very few exceptions I sold none. I have no one to blame but myself and the trials that surrounded me. I do not wish those who have been kind to me to suffer on my account, therefore I make this statement that you will blame no other. I feel that what I have done is to be settled between me and my God and the Spirit World. Monday morning, a week ago, I came up to town to get some sulphur and cream of tartar and arsenic, and mixed it together in molasses; but how many times I gave it to them, the children now dead, I do not recollect, for from that time till after I was called in court, I knew not half of the time hardly what I was doing. I could not give a clear statement of what had followed. What I said when I was questioned the other day is as near right as I can remember, except getting the arsenic. No one in the house knew that arsenic was in it. I don't know that there is anything more. I suppose that that is all that is necessary to say. I took care of my children and watched over them until the last breath.—There is nothing more that I know of. I make this statement voluntarily. No one knew what I was going to say. The girls questioned me, but I did not tell them. If I had never married that drunken husband I should not have been in this trouble. I know and understand that this statement made by me could be used in evidence against me. No person has offered me any inducements if I would make the statement. No person has threatened me in any manner. When I was down to Marshall, I had a chance to talk with Daniel Baker. This was after the examination commenced, and while they were under arrest; but we did not talk upon that subject. Mr. Baker has been like a father to me and my children, and I am very sorry that I have caused him a moment's trouble. I make this statement wholly and entirely voluntarily.

On Saturday night, the 22d instant, the jury found Mrs. Haviland as principal, and Baker as accessory, to the murder of the children. They did this upon the testimony and her confession, and without reference to the result of the analysis at Ann Arbor, which sustains the confession of the woman Haviland.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the supposed criminals. As such, they have been confined as witnesses heretofore. There cannot be a doubt as to what will be the result. They will be held for trial at the next term of court, to be held at Marshall, Feb. 1, for murder.

WM. J. BAKER. PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Merchants,

AND BROKERS.

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

FOR SALE.

FINE BUCK WHEAT AND FAMILY FLOUR.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 21 114-tf.

For Sale.

8 OR 10 SETTS WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS for Horse or Mule. Also, Reins, and Horse Covers.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 29 118 tf

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15 109-tf

For Sale.

2 HANDSOME Travelling Baskets, fine English Mustard, Spun Cotton, China, Cheese, Sugar, Children's Hose.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

For Sale.

SILVER FRUIT Baskets, Silver Waiters, Spoons and Forks, large Punch Bowl and Silver Eggstand.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf.

For Sale.

BOWLES AND PITCHERS, PLATES, TEA POTS, Sugar Dishes, Egg Cups and Tumblers, Ovens and Tops and extra Lids, and three boxes Liquorice,
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 21 114—tf

COTTON FARM! COTTON FARM!!

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE COTTON FARM in one mile of Raleigh, N. C? If you do, call on
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 22-115-tf.

For Sale.

NEW YORK Goshen and Grayson, Va. Tobacco cheap to close consignment.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Dec 15—109—tf

TWO

COMPETENT YOUNG LADIES DESIRE SITUations as Teachers of Music, Painting, Drawing, French, and the English branches generally.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
January 5, 1866-124-tf.

FOR SALE

HATS AND CAPS, GINGER WINE, AND DR. Orton's Carminative Bitters.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, Jan 2. 121. tf.

Notice.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will commence on Monday, January 1st, 1866. Parents and friends of pupils will please send them in promptly. For terms of admission, &c., apply to me at Raleigh, N. C.
W. J. PALMER, Principal.
Dec 29, 118, 1m.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN.

Mitchell & Allen,

Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

22 POLLOCK STREET,

NEWBERN, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE—

200 dozen Assorted Locks,
1000 pairs Hinges,
500 gross Screws,
200 dozen Knives and Forks,
150 dozen Pocket knives,
100 dozen Taper, Cross Cut, Mill Saw and Bastard Files.

A full assortment of

CARPENTERS',
COOPER'S',
MACHINISTS',
BLACKSMITHS',
TURPENTINE,
AND
SADLERS' TOOLS,

to which we invite particular attention.

—ALSO—

50 kegs Horse Shoes,
100 kegs Cut and Wrought Nails,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Rims,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Spokes,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Hubs and Axles,
100 Ladies and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, &c.
200 Bags Shot,
50 kegs Powder,
Hand, Cross Cut and Circular Saws,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Bar and Sheet Iron and Lead,
Tin and Hollow Ware.

We have and are constantly receiving
Ploughs, Shovels,
Hoes, Axes, Forks,
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH" COOK STOVE.
—ALSO—
AGENTS FOR
FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES,
AND
EVANS & WATSONS
CELEBRATED FIRE & BUGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
which we sell at manufacturer's prices.
Newbern, N. C., Oct, 17, 1865 61 3m.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c, of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$200,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues.]
$50 000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

JAS. M. EDNEY,

Commission Merchant,

NO. 476½ BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Office of the Great American Pump,

A NEW AND WELL TRIED INVENTION, warranted to raise water from greater depths; to throw it further by hose; to force it to greater distances by hand than any other pump. The best insurance against fire.
JOHN POWERS, Manufacturer,
432 East 10th Street.

The American Wind Mill, Garden Engines, Brick Elevators, Hydropults, Hose, Rubber and Leather Belting, Brass Hose Pipes, Couplings, Bibbs, Pianos Melodeons, &c., always on hand Dec 23, 116, tf

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,

AND AGENT FOR

Selling or Leasing Real Estate,

NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF

NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & G R R; Hon N Boyden Pres't of N C R R, Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems, Raleigh and Rev W E Poll, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh. oct 28-71-tf.

Exchange Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN RE-OPENed this day under the management of Reuben Wallace, Esq, late of Kinston, a gentleman well known for his tact and good management. It will be thoroughly furnished and fitted up for the accommodation of the public. The former patrons of the house and all who favor us with a call are assured that every thing will be done to render them comfortable.
W. H. CUNNINGHAM, Proprietor.
Raleigh, January 2-121-1m.

☞ The Wilmington Dispatch, Goldsboro News, Newbern Times, Greensboro Patriot, Salisbury Gazette, Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index will please insert 6 times and send bills to the proprietor.

GEO W. DILL,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAM Ship Line, Morehead City, N. C.
Jan. 1-140 3m.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.

HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-10-tf.

Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime,

OR

BONE MANURE.

WARRANTED GENUINE.

BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufaced, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although furnished at half the price.

Messrs. B. H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold E. Frank Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime for four years—It has given universal satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully endorse it as an article worthy of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon securing an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination, we believe this Phosphate to have been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing. "Very respectfully,

"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, ESQ.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me. This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success.

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	7.45.	10.28
Of Bi-Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	3.70.	6.10
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	4.36.	8.35
Of Sulphate of Lime hyd. containing of Sulphuric Acid (So2)	21.20.	45.33
Of Alkaline Salts as Sulphates.		1.11
Of Organic Combustible Matter. capable of producing Ammonia.	3.76.	2.358
Of Animal Coal and Sand.		5.00
Phosphoric Acid soluble in Water.	11.15.	
Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water.	4.36.	
Ammonia	3.76.	

MANUFACTURED BY

ENOCH COE, Hunter's Point L. I.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINted Agents for the State of North Carolina, and will supply this superior fertilizer at manufacturers' prices.

Put up in barrels of about 300 pounds weights.

700 Barrels now in Store,

and for sale by

O G PARSLEY & CO.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 1 120-3m.

A Boarding House.

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

No 15 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH,

CAN ACCOMMODATE FROM 12 TO 14 MEMBERS of the Legislature with good large rooms, cheap Boarding, and the positive assurance that nothing shall be left undone to secure their personal comfort and convenience. Those interested in securing a home for a short time, will please make early application.

Raleigh, November 15 84-6m.

Notice to Merchants!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE MADE arrangements to have a regular line of sailing vessels, between Baltimore and Wilmington, N. C, to start immediately. Merchants desiring of purchasing goods in Baltimore, can do so now with the certainty of getting them through direct, with dispatch, and those who wish to ship to Baltimore can do so by applying to

RUSSELL & ELLIS,
No 10 Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Also Agents for
McCready's Line of New York Packets.
Agent in Baltimore: M. A. MITCHELL,
Dec 1-97-1m Smith's Wharves.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, man rat water to drink*, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.

September 1, 1865 23-tf.

PETER MALLETT,

General Commission

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANT.

NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.

Nov 25—93-3ms

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MRS. M. A. E RAMSAY WILL ACCOMMODATE Gentleman Boarders with meals at $10 per week. Residence near B. F. Moore, Esq., fronting Nash square.

She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.

Raleigh, Nov. 21-89-tf.

JOS. W. CARROLL, JOS. HOY, J N NIVEN

JOSEPH HOY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

NO 126 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK

CARROLL, HOY & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

NO. 36 PERDIDO STREET,

New Orleans.

REFER TO

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
C. B. HARRISON, ESQ.,
B. F. MOORE, ESQ.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17th, 1865 61-3m.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.

16 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE. | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallett, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

Select Boarding School for Young Ladies.

MRS. PENDER IS PREPARED TO OPEN A School for young ladies, at her residence near Salem, N. C. The location is healthy, retired and pleasant. Arrangements are being made to secure the services of competent assistants, and every facility will be afforded for the cultivation of the hearts and minds of the young ladies placed under her charge.

As the number of pupils is limited, application must invariably be made in advance.

The first session will begin on the eight of January, 1865, closing on the tenth of June following. For particulars, address MRS. M. F. PENDER.
Salem, Forsythe County, N. C.
October 30 89-2ms.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WILL SELL ONE HALF OR TWO THIRDS OF that valuable property, Piedmont Springs in Burke County, N. C., to any man who will reside upon the premises and give it his entire attention.

There is a gold mine upon the premises which will pay as well to work as any probably in the State. Superior water power for driving machinery. Climate and water unsurpassed, and a large quantity of superior timber. The buildings new and will accommodate 150 persons.

The soil is well adapted to the culture of the grasses, fruits, and the vine.

By a man of energy and capital, a fortune can be made here in a few years. Address,
E C LINDSAY, Norfolk, Va.
November 25 93-3taw2m

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Sycamore Street, Petersburg.

THOS. BRANCH & CO,

89 Main Street, Richmond.

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchanges, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal Advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks Dec 2 99 3m.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandize, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.
November 29, 1865 96 tf.

LOUISBURG

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Louisburg is in Franklin County, N. C., nine miles from Franklinton Station, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

Between these points there is a daily stage line, connecting with trains going North and South.

The community in which the College is located, is noted for health social refinement, intelligence and christian morality.

Boarding pupils will be treated as members of the President's family and their physical welfare, both in health and sickness, will receive at let attention.

The course of study requisite for graduation, will be extensive; grade of scholarship, high; instruction, thorough and systematic. Parents are requested to instruct their daughters, not to pursue more than one or two extra studies in connection with the College course.

Pupils will have access to a good library, and enjoy the benefit of lectures with apparatus for illustrating the experimental sciences.

Government of the pupils will be mild and persuasive, but firm and decided.

Strict attention will be paid the moral and religious culture.

No uniform will be required for the present. Extravagance in dress will not be encouraged. Pupils will not be permitted to contract debts.

Books and stationery will be furnished at the College.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Dec. 13-106 tf.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Academy.

THE 16TH SESSION [five months] OF THIS Academy will begin on Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866.

Circulars furnished on application to:

J. B. WHITE,
Superintendent.

Hillsboro, Dec. 5, 1865-1aw5ws.
Standard will please copy.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM, will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, on the 18th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.
Nov. 18-87-3m

Classical and Mathematical School,

TALLY HO, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL opens on the 2nd Monday in January next.

The price of board and tuition is one hundred dollars. Address the principal at Oxford.

T. J. HORNER,
Principal

Dec. 11 105 3w

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$10 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.	
Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00

Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College, 2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,
REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Ansonville, N. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 106—3ms.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON the 11th of January, and close on the second Thursday in June. The College has been reorganized, refurnished, and is every way placed in a proper condition. At present, board will be $16 00 per month in currency; tuition and other expenses at the usual rates. All expenses to be paid in advance. A daily hack will run from the College to High Point on the N C Railroad. For further information, address the undersigned. B. CRAVEN, Pres't.

Dec. 22-118-1m.

☞ Standard, Wilmington Dispatch, Newbern Times, Fayetteville News, Greensboro Patriot, Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index, copy weekly one month, and forward accounts to me at Trinity College. B. C.

MISS MATTIE NIXON DESIGNS OPENING a School on the 1st day of January next at the residence of her mother, one door below Cooke's Hotel.

In addition to the English branches, will be taught, if desired, French, and Music on the Piano.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 29 118 2w.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh, November 2, 1865 73 3m pd.

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT OF Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Craven county, December Term, 1865, I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on the 24th day of January next, the EGYPT PLANTATION, belonging to the Estate of Benj. F. Biddle, deceased, containing 1,360 acres.

It is situated on the South side of Neuse river, and immediately on the river, 20 miles above Newbern, and is one of the best farms on the river for the production of Cotton, Corn, Peas, and other crops usually grown in this section of the State.

A credit of 12, 18 and 24 months will be given, and bonds with satisfactory security required. The sale will be made at the farm.

SAM'L L. BIDDLE,
Adm'r of Benj. F. Biddle, deceased.
Dec 16, 112, 30.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL,
SEATON GALES, } Editors.

Saturday, January 6, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi.*

The Daily Sentinel.

All who are now receiving the *Daily Sentinel*, if they wish it continued or wish it changed to the Semi-Weekly or Weekly, will please let us know at once. The cash can be sent us as soon as it can be done by private hands or by the Express Companies, until the mails become reliable.

Those who are now in debt to us will please remit as soon as convenient.

The Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

As soon as a sufficient number of names can be obtained on the Semi-Weekly list, it will be issued. Perhaps it will not be issued before the 1st of February. In the meantime those who order the Semi-Weekly will be furnished with the Daily until it is issued.

The Weekly Sentinel.

The first number of this paper will be issued on the 10th inst. As the edition will not be much beyond the list of names, those who wish to begin with the first number should order it at once.

Progress of the Work.

In reviewing the first week of the new year, we have much to inspire us with thankfulness and hope. The progress that has been made, even in so brief a period of time, in the work of rehabilitation, presents a gratifying and encouraging exhibit. Civil officers, so far as it could be accomplished, have been qualified and are ready for the discharge of their official functions in many important particulars. In all present available methods of putting the machinery of Government in motion, the address of the Governor to the people of the State has suggested or prescribed the necessary steps. And the Legislature has been summoned to convene at the earliest practicable day. The *real* work will then commence. The members, during their recent vacation, have happily enjoyed an opportunity of ascertaining the wishes and opinions of their constituents, and, in view of present surroundings, so different from the circumstances that environed their late deliberations, have all the lights before them that are essential to responsible and intelligent legislation. Many important matters will require immediate action, of course—such as the appointment of magistrates, the succor of the State charities, &c.,-but the great questions connected with the organization of labor, and with the general development of the resources of the State, will demand and should receive deliberate consideration.

In the further difficult labors before us, we anticipate the most valuable benefits from the sound *practical* judgment, and the political integrity undisturbed by ambitious views, of Gov. Worth. These have long been rare qualities in rulers, and are the more to be prized because so rare. He has set about his work in the proper spirit and in the right way. We predict that few moons will wane, before our people will bless the happy impulse that led them to make him their Chief Magistrate, at a time when there were alleged to exist the strongest considerations to prevent their doing so. But the people, as a general rule, we believe, are right in their conclusions. Certainly so thinks the President, for he has trusted, as he said he would, their good faith as displayed in their decision.

Quite a discussion is going on among the Newbernians, whether the name of the place should be written *Newbern, New Bern* or *New Berne*. Up to a late period, it was almost always written and pronounced by North Carolinians, *Newbern*, which is perhaps most strongly supported by custom at home and by the orthography of the word *anglicised*. But the modern tendency is to *foreignize* every thing; hence of late, *New Berne*, as being more euphonious and more conformable to custom elsewhere, seems preferable. Bern of Switzerland whence the first settlers came, in modern times, is written *Berne*. If our friends of the ancient Athens will allow it, we will suggest that the name henceforth be written *New Berne*, as more in accordance with modern usage and to make it correspond with the orthography of most of the towns with names of similar structure in the United States, as New York, New Brunswick, New Orleans, New Bedford, &c.

Our exchanges from every quarter of the South mention that the negro festivities usual at this season have passed off without any serious exhibition of disorderly spirit. From Richmond, Petersburg, and Norfolk, and from Wilmington and Fayetteville, in this State, we have accounts of ebony celebrations of emancipation, in which cuffee innocently indulged his passion for pomp and pageantry to his heart's content.

O. H. Perry, Esq., has been re-appointed State Librarian. He has for years discharged the duties of this position with acceptability, and makes a good officer.

Fire Arms Among the Blacks.

A colored man named George Hatch, in New-Bern, had an altercation with his wife some days ago, and shot her with a pistol. The wound was painful but not dangerous.

Some blacks will no doubt use fire arms discreetly, and desire their possession for no bad purpose, just as some of them desire the privilege of voting or other privileges, who have sufficient intelligence and integrity to use them properly. We know colored men and women whom we could trust with the highest prerogatives of a citizen. But because there are to be found some who would not use any privilege to the damage of society, does that furnish a good reason why all should be allowed these privileges? Certainly not.

Now the above case illustrates the great mass of the blacks of the South. They are creatures of passion—they are peculiarly liable to excitement and undue anger, even under slight provocation, and at such times forget or ignore totally all reason or consideration, and are oblivious of the relations which they sustain to the parties against whom their anger is directed.—At such times wife, husband, child, father, mother or friend, white or black, they are perfectly indifferent to, and under the impetuous promptings of anger, nothing is dear to them. If maiming, burning or killing be committed by them under temptation, they will mourn over it the next moment, though in an hour after they will commit the same act under provocation.

Every former slave-owner knows that most of the severity and harshness of discipline which he was forced to administer to his slaves, grew out of these ebullitions of temper or passion and their peculiar liability to temptation from the baser passions. Quarrelling, fighting or maiming their wives or children or fellow-servants, were almost of daily occurrence among them. Under the slightest excitement they had a proclivity to seize deadly weapons with which to resent an affront. Indeed male negro slaves in the South almost universally claimed it as an indefeasible right to whip or beat or abuse their wives, just when they thought proper; and hundreds of the women would have been murdered in the heat of passion, but for the promptness and decision of their owners. The same feelings exist among them now ,that they are free, and it is important that it should be corrected.

The authorities have certainly acted from kind but mistaken motives in allowing colored persons indiscriminately, since they became free, to use fire arms. The masses are but children—mere minors in discretion, and their liability to give way to the temptations of anger or other bad passions requires the restraints of law; and the safety and peace of the blacks themselves demand, that the use of fire arms should be greatly restricted among them. This is a matter, too, which should claim the attention of those whose duty it is to prepare and perfect a code for the freedmen. We hope all concerned will duly consider it.

Gen. Schurz, Again.

The RADICALS, as we expected, are making a wonderful to do over that illiberal and jesuitical report of the German with the hard name, upon which we commented some days since.—And, by the way, speaking of names, it is significant that there should be such a similarity between that of this *Schurz* and of one *Clurtz*, whose exploits as a Jacobin of the French Revolution are matters of such unenviable history.

The New York *Post*, we perceive, is ringing the changes upon an allegation of this man, who saw so much deeper beneath the surface than Gen. Grant, to the effect that the spirit exhibited at the North is mildness and affection compared with the temper which, in the South, vents itself in a variety of ways and upon all possible occasions.

All this is not true. We do not mean to assert that *all* the prejudicies and animosities engendered by a state of war will entirely disappear in a year or even in a single generation.—But there is, and has been, *everything* in the attitude of our people, since the close of the struggle, their dignified endurance of disaster and cheerful submission to constituted authority, to disappoint the expectations of those who looked for disorganization, acrimony and hate as the sequences of the war. Gen. Schurz probably got his impressions, while "down South," from reading certain papers in our own midst, which, in point of fact, really anticipated him in his libel upon our people. We should not have to go very far to "spot" some such.

As to all that remarkable "mildness and affection" at the North, we fear that we must be somewhat incredulous. Are Congress and the general run of the Press in that quarter exponents of the popular sentiment? If so, we shall have to confess ourselves most decidedly sceptical.

Acknowledgment.

The Associate Editor of this paper desires to express his grateful appreciation of the kind and courteous manner in which his brethren of the Press have noticed his connection with the *Sentinel*. It revives very pleasantly the recollection of his former professional association with many of them, and he will endeavor to deserve their generous commendation.

EXORBITANT RENTS.—It is no exaggeration to say that the entire body of tenants in this city are rising as one man to protest against the exactions that are being put upon them in the matter of rents. These high rents are certainly not caused by any positive influx of trade, but may, we suppose, be attributed to the accessions to our population induced by the general anxiety of every body to try to "get into business." But the owners of houses should bear in mind, that if the rents demanded under this uncertain state of affairs are not really *justified* by the business of the city, business men must search elsewhere for homes, where they can live in moderation, and at least retain a portion of their earnings for their children, instead of squandering their profits in house rents.

The Freedmen.

We have observed that many of the freedmen, who come in direct contact with the officers of the Freedman's Bureau in this State, are easily persuaded to enter into engagements to return to labor, and are willing to contract for the year. As a guide to contractors, we inserted on yesterday the form of an agreement adopted in South Carolina. Of course employers and the freedmen are at liberty to make their own contracts, but, until the whole matter is regulated by law, it is best that the forms and terms of the contract have the approval of the Bureau. If the Bureau has prepared any form for general use we should be glad to publish it. If not, we think it might be done even now to advantage.

In various localities in the State, however, the freedmen are still laboring under erroneous impressions in regard to the possession of lands.—This idea has greatly affected their disposition to enter into contracts to labor. We have heretofore published the following Circular letter of Gen. Howard upon this subject, but as these erroneous ideas still exist, at the suggestion of a friend we re-insert it. The letter is as follows:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands,
Jackson Miss., Nov. 11, 1865.

CIRCULAR LETTER.

It is currently reported to the Commissioner and his Agents, that the Freedmen have been deceived in the intentions of the Government.

It is said that lands will be taken from the present holders and divided among them next Christmas or New Year. This impression wherever it exists is wrong. All officers and agents of this Bureau are hereby directed to take every possible means to remove so erroneous and injurious an impression. They will further endeavor to overcome other false reports that have been industriously spread abroad, with a purpose to unsettle labor and give rise to disorder and suffering.

Every proper means will be taken to secure fair written agreements or contracts for the coming year, and the Freedmen are instructed that it is for their best interest to look to the property-holders for employment.

The Commission deprecates hostile action, and wishes every possible exertion made to produce kind feelings and mutual confidence between the blacks and the whites.

(Signed,) O. O. HOWARD,
Maj. Gen. Commissioner.

Official.
MAX. WOODHULL,
Col. and Asst. Adjt. Gen.

General News.

The Republican State Convention of New Hampshire have adopted a resolution expressive of confidence in the Administration and approving the tone and temper of the message.

TAXING NATIONAL BANKS.—The Attorney General of Pennsylvania has just given an opinion on the question of the power of the State to tax National Banks. The opinion is in the affirmative of this question, and is based on a particular law of the State.

The Dominican Republic is in a sad condition. Completely desolated by the recent Spanish invasion, the people are almost destitute.

The Supreme Court of Arkansas recently decided the test oath unconstitutional.

The chiefs of the Red Lake Indians have arrived at St. Cloud, Minnesota, to ask Bishop Whipple to send them a missionary and teacher, whom they offer to pay a salary out of their annuity. One-third of the tribe propose to separate from the rest, and attempt to initiate civilization of the white race.

The Methodist Church was founded in America in October, 1766. This year will witness the centennial anniversary of American Methodism.

The De Soto steamer, with Secretary Seward on board, sailed from Fortress Monroe on the 3d.

The Governor of Wisconsin in his inaugural says that the people will not be satisfied till the highest judicial tribunal gives expression to their verdict against the attempt to right real or fancied wrongs by arms, and not until Jefferson Davis is convicted and hung.

The trade between New York and the South is said to be greater than ever before. Over fifty vessels leave that city daily for different ports.

A suit against Secretary Seward has been commenced in the Supreme Court of the United States by one Jos. Maddox for alleged false imprisonment. He was arrested in 1864 and kept in the Old Capitol Prison until President Johnson came in office.

News from Chihuahua states that Juarez, on the 24th ult., with his Cabinet and other functionaries, arrived at that place and experienced an enthusiastic reception.

The Fenian Congress assembled in New York on the 2d. Resolutions sustaining O'Mahoney were adopted, and the Congress proceeded to the transaction of other business, the nature of which has not yet transpired. Plenipotentiaries were present from Ireland. Two English detectives were spotted and refused admission to Congress.

The completion of the census of Illinois reveals the astonishing fact that since 1860 the population of the State has increased about 500,000, or nearly 33 per centum.

Sixteen hundred and twenty-four national banks have been organized up to this date, with an aggregate capital of four hundred and eight million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Five eclipses will take place in 1866, three of the sun and two of the moon. Two of them will be partly visible in Paris—one of the moon, March 30, and another of the sun, October 8.

The *Examiner* mentions the gratifying fact that rents are greatly decreasing in Richmond. The owner of the stores under the Spotswood Hotel has reduced the rental one half for the ensuing year.

Judah P. Benjamin, late Confederate Secretary of State, is in London.

The funded debt of the City of New York exceeds $41,000,000.

Governor Peirpoint is in Washington, and, it is said, expresses the opinion that the Senators from Virginia will be permitted to take their seats at an early day.

THE VACANT SEAT ON THE SUPREME BENCH.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* writes to that journal as follows: "The rumour I gave you last summer, with reference to a seat on the Supreme Bench for Judge Sharkey, was yesterday revived. In point of capacity, Sharkey has few equals, while in point of dignity it would be difficult for any judge to surpass him. That the South will have the vacant seat you may set down as certain.

DIED

In Henderson, N. C. on the 9th ult., after an illness of ten days, MAGGIE J., wife of W. K. Brodie, and daughter of Elisha Nordhall, Esq., of Suffolk, Va.

The deceased had scarcely reached womanhood being in her 20th year, ere the cold and chilly hand of death found its way to her chamber. But little over two months previous to her death, she had become the bride of him whom she loved, with bright anticipations and a promising future of a long and useful life. Her intelligence and naturally amiable disposition drew around her a circle of friends which few ever acquire. Her unobtrusiveness and affable manners shed a lustre which made these virtues shine resplendent and which elicited the respect and admiration of all who knew her. She has gone. A large circle of friends has lost a bright star from their number; a father an affectionate child; brothers and sisters a kind and loving sister. Terraque suis sit super ossibus levis. A FRIEND.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

ON THURSDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF JANUARY, I shall rent to the highest bidder, on the premises, *either as a cash lot or by field*, to rent parties, the plantation formerly owned by Elizabeth Hinton, deceased. W. R. MILLER,
Jan. 6, 125, td. Agent for Legatees.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE PRESent General Assembly for the passage of "An Act to authorize the formation of the English and American Wool and Vine Growing, Manufacturing, Mining and Agricultural Association in the United States of America." Jan. 6, 125, 2t.

MISS FRANCES A. HAYWOOD WILL open her school for children on Monday, the 15th of January, at the residence of Miss E. E. Haywood, east of the State Bank. She has had great experience in teaching. Jan 6, 125, 1w, pd.

SELECT SCHOOL.

WILSON, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN JANUARY 8th, and continue twenty weeks. Tuition payable in specie or its equivalent.

For Primary English Branches from	$15 to 20 00
" Higher " "	25 00
" Latin and Greek,	30 00

Only a limited number of students will be received.
Address GEO. W. ASHINGTON, Principal.
Wilson, Jan 6—125, 2w.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALES.

Saturday, Jan. 6, 1866.

WILL BE SOLD AT TOWLES' AUCTION AND Commission Store, on Saturday, January 6th, sale to commence at half-past ten o'clock:

One good large size Mule, 8 years old; one good Buggy and Harness; a large lot of excellent Furniture and Household and Kitchen Utensils, of every variety of articles: among them are Bureaus, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Safes, Large Dining Tables, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Mattrasses, Candlestands, etc., etc. One large Corn Sheller and a variety of garden tools. A large lot of excellent Stationery Several dozen Champaigne Cider. 5 barrels of prime Mess Pork. 2 barrels prime shoulder Bacon. 10 drums English Nails, assorted sizes, and other merchandize. 1 Saddle.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Jan. 6-125-1t. Auctioneer.

To the Public and Our Friends.

THE YEAR 1866 FINDS US STILL ENGAGED in the mercantile business, which we hope to carry on for years to come. We have passed through many years of uncertainty, trial and national misfortune, but the future is now open and the way clear.

If our old friends and customers will now come up and pay off their old notes and accounts, our toil will be lightened, and we shall be enabled to present you, as in years past, *a first class Dry Goods and Grocery Store.*

This advertisement is especially called to the attention of *those who are indebted to us.* Being obliged to pay on A for our purchases, we are compelled to require a prompt settlement from our old debtors.

For the next thirty days, we will continue to sell a general stock *of dry goods at cost.*

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Groceries! Groceries!! Groceries!!!

FINE NEW HULLED BUCKWHEAT, AT $17 00 per barrel, or 9 cents per pound.
English Dairy Cheese.
Prime Goshen Butter.
The best Syrup in the City.
Good old Java Coffee.
Rio Coffee.
A, B, and C Sugars.
Candles, Soaps, Pepper, Spices.
Black and Green Tea, &c., &c.

W H & R S TUCKER.

To Arrive:

100 BOXES LAYER RAISINS—QUARTER, half, and whole Boxes.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, Jan. 6 125-till 132.

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION
AT
FARRISS & LACK'S,

SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring

is still carried on, but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.

An Entire Suit of Clothes

made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.
Jan 5 126—tf.

Watson's New Photograph Gallery.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the citizens of North Carolina, that he has recently taken, renovated and refitted the Gallery formerly occupied by E. Hunt, where he is prepared to make all kinds of pictures in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size Portrait in oil. None shall have an excuse for sending work in his line out of the State to be done. A call is solicited. J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, October 4-50-3m.

FOR SALE.

10 NO. 1 MILCH COWS WITH CALVES, TWO fine Yoke of Oxen.

SOLOMON WIGGINS,
Twelve miles Northwest of Raleigh.
Wake County, Jan 4, 122, 6t.

Select Boarding and Day School.

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK will re-open their school on Friday, 2nd of February, 1866.

Circulars forwarded on application.
Jan 4, 124, 6w.

PARTNER WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED EDITOR, WHO IS ALSO a thorough Practical Printer, wants a good writer or a good business man, with a capital of a few thousand dollars, to join him as Partner in a first rate Newspaper and Job Printing enterprise. References required and given. For address, &c., apply at

THIS OFFICE.
Jan 4, 123, 5t.

House and Lot for Rent.

THE HOUSE AND LOT OPPOSITE MR. HENRY Brown's, will be rented for the present year on application to T. H. SELBY.
Raleigh, January 5 124 1w.

NOTICE.

I OFFER FOR SALE PRIVATELY NEAR THIS place, 200 barrells of corn, 5000 pounds pork, horses, mules, oxen, &c

I also offer on the Roanoke river near Jamesville, my farm containing 200 acres of land.

GEO. M. BURRAS.
Tarboro, N. C, Jan 2, 1866. 121, 1m.

By CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers.

Cargo Sale of Goods of Direct Importation.

EX. BRITISH SCHOONER "SYLVIA."

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 11TH, 1866, we will sell by catalogue, at our sales Rooms, Nos. 2 and 3 North Water Street, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. the entire cargo of Br. Schr Sylvia, consisting of the following articles, selected with great care, expressly for this market:

DRY GOODS.

2 cases English Long Cloth.
2 bales Grey Domestics.
2 cases Pins, Combs, etc.
1 case Black Alpaca.
1 case Bombazine.
4 cases Red and White Flannel.
1 case Linen Platillas.
1 case Brown Drilling.
1 case Man. Prints.
1 case Man. Ginghams.
1 bale Heavy Blankets.
1 case Hosiery.
1 case Muslin Shirt Fronts.
1 case Children's Dresses.
1 case Ladies Parasols.
1 case Heavy Pilot Cloth.
1 case Woolen Challies.
1 case Crimea Sheets.
1 case Tweeds.
2 cases Cotton.
4 cases Pins, etc.

CLOTHING.

3 cases Heavy English Cassimere Business Suits.
2 case Heavy English Cassimere Coats.
1 case Fancy English Cassimere Pants.
1 case Dark English Cassimere Vests.
1 case Heavy Beaver Over Coats.
1 case Black Cassimere Pants and Vests.
1 case Superior Cloth Vests assorted colors.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

10 trunks Gents' Calf Boots, Gaiters, Balmorals and Oxford Ties.
7 cases Gents Balmorals and Oxford Ties.
8 trunks Misses' and Children's Shoes, well assorted.
4 trunks Ladies' Gaiters, Balmorals, Patent Tips, etc., etc.
6 cases Ladies' Gaiters, Balmorals, Patent Tips, etc, etc.
3 bbls. Sole Leather.
1 case Sole Leather Valises.

GROCERIES.

40 bags Prime Rio Coffee.
20 bbls A. B. and C. Sugars.
10 bbls P. R. Sugars.
10 bbls Mackerel.
25 bbls Herring.
15 kitts Mackerel.
30 Boxes Smoked Herring.
20 chests Imperial Tea.
15 chests Oolong Tea.
8 cases S. W. Soap.
2 bbls. Soft Soap.
26 cases English Meats, Soups and Jams.
2 cases Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce.
3 cases Tomato Catsup.
1 case Mace.
3 cases Allspice.
2 cases Cinnamon.
1 case Pepper.
2 case Yeast Powders.
2 kegs Currants.
2 casks Fine Table Salt.
2 cases English Mustard.
1 case Sago and Tapioca.
6 cases Starch.
8 kegs Bi Carb Soda.
10 boxes M. R. Raisins.
18 bbls Mess Pork.
8 bbls Prime Pork.
10 bbls Rump Pork.
5 hhds Bacon Sides.
4 hhds Bacon Shoulders.
32 bbls Planting Potatoes.
14 bbls Onions.
1 can Oatmeal.

DRUGS.

1 case Shellac.
1 cask Litherage.
1 keg Litherage.
1 can Potash.
1 can Concentrated Lye.
42 kegs White Lead.
4 kegs Red Lead.
2 cans Saleratus.
1 can Congress Water.
2 bbls. Sperm Oil.
4 bbls Whale Oil.
5 casks boiled Linseed Oil.
8 cans Green Paint.
12 cans Paint (assorted colors)
4 bbls Tallow.

LIQUORS.

24 cases Wolf's Schiedam Schnapps.
18 cases Old Bourbon Whiskey.
6 bbls Old Bourbon Whiskey.
3 bbls Medicated Gin.

SUNDRIES.

5 casks Shot.
16½ dozen Shovels.
2 boxes Axes.
1 case Emory Paper.
12 dozen Corn Brooms.
4 dozen Ship Brooms.
1 case Twine.
1 case Letter Paper.
2 cases Wall Brushes.
1 case Scrubbing Brushes.
1 case Shoe Brushes.
32 coils of Manilla Rope.
12 coils of Heavy Packing Rope.
1 Tack Machine.
1 Pegging Machine.
1 Knitting Machine.

☞ Terms CASH

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Wilmington, Jan 4, 113, ta.

Charlotte Female Institute,

Charlotte, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M., } Principals.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON Monday, the 15th of January, and continue twenty four weeks to 30th of June, 1866.

TERMS per Session of 24 weeks payable in currency, half in advance:

Board including every expense, except washing and lights,	$126
Tuition in English Branches,	$25 & 30

These terms in proportion to the length of session, which is now twenty four instead of twenty weeks long, are the same as before the war, adding on the discount of the currency.

The department of Music, Vocal and Instrumental, will continue under the direction of Prof. A. Baumann, assisted by competent instructors.

The department of Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting will be under the direction of Prof W. Benziger, graduate of Geneva College, Switzerland.

For Catalogue, containing full particulars as to Terms, &c., address

REV. R BURWELL & SON,
Jan 4. 123, 2w. Charlotte, N. C.

O. G. PARSLEY, } { O. G. PARSLEY, JR.
JOHN JUDGE. } { HENRY SAVAGE.

O. G. PARSELEY & CO.,

Importers
AND
Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicit Consignments for Sale or Shipment of
Cotton,
Cotton Yarns,
Domestics,
Naval Stores,
And other
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Have always in Store, and are receiving constantly, consignments, for sale at lowest market rates, of

Gunny Bagging, Gunny Bags,
Bale Rope, Mess Pork,
Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses,
Flour, Butter, Cheese,
Irish Potatoes, Onions,
Crackers, Mackerel,
Pickled Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Codfish, Nails,
Powder, Shot,
Window Glass, Paints,
Linseed, Kerosene, Tanners', and
Lubricating Oils, in 5-gal. cans & bbls.,
Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum and Gin,
Soap, Candles,
Starch, Salt, Lime, &c., &c., &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.

AGENTS FOR
DUPONT'S POWDER.

300 hhds. New Crop CUBA MOLASSES daily expected direct from Cardenas.

2,000 bags COFFEE expected about first of February, direct from Rio Janeiro.

Jan. 1-120-3m.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE C. M. FARRISS, Esq., a candidate for re election as a Commissioner from the Western Ward. Election 3rd Monday in January. jan 3, te.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE PARKER OVERBY, Esq, a candidate for re-election as a Commissioner from the Western Ward. Election 3rd Monday in January jan 3, te.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE COL. WM. H. HARRISON, a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor of the City of Raleigh. Jan 5, 124, te.

To My Fellow-Citizens of the Eastern Ward.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO YOU THAT I am again a candidate for Commissioner. I have tried to serve you faithfully for years past. If re-elected, I can only promise to double my efforts in your behalf. Very Respectfully,

J. J. OVERBY.
Janury 5-124-te.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

WE WILL BUY COTTON RAGS CLEANED, AT the highest cash price. Enquire at the
SENTINEL OFFICE.
Raleigh, January 8, -tf.

Paper for Sale—Rags Wanted.

THE FOREST MANUFACTURING COMPANY are making a superior quality of Book and News Paper.

—ALSO—

Envelope and Wrapping Paper, which they offer at low prices

They wish to purchase large quantities of clean

Cotton and Linen Rags,

for which they will pay the highest cash price. Address FOREST MANUFACTURING CO.,
Jan 3rd, 122, 9t. Forestville, N. C.

IMPORTANT SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH OF JANUARY, 1866, I shall offer for sale, my plantation in Bertie County, lying on the Roanoke River, three miles from Hill's Ferry on said river, and six from the village of Woodville in Bertie County, containing 1000 acres, more or less; 500 acres cleared and well adapted to the growth of cotton, corn, wheat, &c.

There is a very fine opportunity to make a large cotton crop on the plantation the next year, as there is compost enough ready made, to manure nearly 100 acres. The plantation made in 1865, 43,000 pounds of lint cotton, and 4,000 bushels of corn; and, with proper management, will do great deal better for the next year, as the most of the cotton land has had rest for the past two years. A very great advantage which this farm has, is its convenience to transportation—being only one mile to a good landing on the river, where there is a regular line of steamers to Norfolk weekly. In addition to the above, this is the only river farm in this portion of the county that has fire wood enough, conveniently for use; there is an abundance here, and timber of almost every kind, cypress, oak, hickory, ashe, gum, &c. Lumber dealers would do well to examine the land before the day of sale.

There are about 400 or 500 acres on this tract uncleared, which affords a fine range for hogs, and a free access to number less acres of uncultivated lands renders it very profitable for the raising of cattle, colts, &c.

The improvements consist of a gin house and cotton screw, overseer's house, cabins enough for 25 or 30 laborers, corn barns, &c. At the same time and place, I shall sell 200 or 300 barrels of corn, fodder, mules, horses, hogs, farming utensils, &c.

Terms for the land: one third cash, the balance in two equal instalments, payable respectively in 12 and 18 months, and title withheld until payments made. For the perishable property, cash.

For any further particulars, address the subscriber at Rehoth, Halifax county, N. C.

D. C. CLARK,
Jan 3, 1866-112 tds.

DAILY SENTINEL.

Saturday, January 6, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

RESIGNED.—We learn that Rev. Thos. E. Skinner, pastor of the Baptist Church in this city has resigned his charge.

THE CITY SCHOOLS are generally resuming operations, after the Christmas vacation. Few communities can boast of superior educational facilities for the youth of both sexes.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—The reader is referred to Messrs. Farris and Lack's fine assortment of Gents. goods. They are ready to put up goods in the best style.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker still offer new goods in store and to arrive.

Mr. Arrington's select school at Wilson, opens on the 8th.

Miss Haywood's school for children opens on Monday.

Mr. Towles has important auction sales to-day.

Dr. Miller offers land for rent.

NATIONAL BANK IN NEWBERN.—The subscribers to the stock of the new National Bank in Newbern are paying up their portions of the first instalment. The institution will go into operation at an early day.

There was a large meeting of the citizens of Newbern on the evening of the 2nd., for consultation upon municipal matters, in view of the doubts entertained as to whether the Provisonal Government of the town was at an end. Resolutions were passed by a large majority inviting the present authorities to retire, and requesting the Provisional Mayor to issue a proclamation for an early election.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.—This is the title of a new and handsome Semi-weekly Journal, the first number of which has just reached us. It is published in the town of Wilson, under the Editorial auspices of Mr. Wm. A. Hearne. The regular issue will not commence until the 1st of February, but the specimen number before us augurs well for the future ability and interest of the paper. We wish the editor all the success which he evidently merits.

The terms of the North Carolinan are $5 per annum.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R.—We are pleased to learn that arrangements have been made by which this important route will soon be put in good condition.

The Wilson Carolinian pays a high, and, we believe, a merited, compliment to the energetic and judicious manner in which the new President, Mr. Bridgers, is conducting its affairs.

THE NATIONAL EXPRESS COMPANY.—Gen. Henry Heth, of the late Confederate army, who was appointed traveling agent, in the West, for this Compauy, has, it is said, met with the most flattering success. Among other signs of the approval with which the scheme is viewed by the Northern people, may be noticed the fact that General H. has received letters from Generals Grant, Sherman, Hitchcock and Porter, recommending the company to the favorable consideration of Northern capitalists.

The following is a copy of Gen. Grant's letter:

"NEW YORK, N. Y.,
"November 15th, 1865.

"*General H. Heth:*

"It affords me great pleasure to see the efforts now being made by yourself and others who have lately been in arms against the authority of the United States, engaged in organizing an Express Company, which is intended to embrace the whole United States in its operations, and to give employment mutually to those of both armies lately engaged in warring against each other. I look upon your enterprise as one of the best I have seen to restore what is now wanted above everything else in this country—harmony and friendship between the two sections. It not only affords me pleasure to recommend the enterprise you are engaged in, but to recommend you personally to the confidence of the people of the Northern States of our now united country. It is well that I should say, in giving this letter, that it is given upon a personal acquaintance which commenced more than twenty years ago.

"Yours, truly,
"U. S. GRANT,
"Lieutenant General."

It is very encouraging to see the spirit displayed by these leading and representative men of their section toward an institution so praiseworthy in its design and working so admirably for the benefit of the soldiers of both armies.

Gen. Pillow on Freedmen.

Gen. Pillow seems to be perfectly satisfied with his success so far in the employment of freedmen. He writes to the Superintendent of the "Bureau" as follows:

LETTER FROM GEN. PILLOW.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 22, 1865.

Major General O. O. Howard, Commissioner, &c., &c., Washington, D. C.:—

It affords me pleasure to inform you that I have been successful beyond my most sanguine expectations in engaging labor for all my plantations in Arkansas and Tennessee. I have already engaged about four hundred freedmen, and *have full confidence in making a success of the work.* I have given, in all cases, the freedmen a part of the crop of cotton, and I allow them land for the cultivation of vegetables and corn for their own use without charge therefor. *I could have engaged one thousand laborers if I had needed that number.* My brother, who Adopted my plan of work, succeeded in engaging laborers for three places he is working. I have put one large plantation under white laborers from the North, upon precisely the same terms on which I engaged freedmen. I feel anxious to try the system of white labor of that character for the plantation. Knowing the interest you feel in the success of the freedmen, and feeling grateful for your kindness to me, I feel it a duty to communicate the result of my work thus far.

With assurance of my personal regard and respect, I am, General, very respectfully,

GIDEON J. PILLOW.

The receipts from internal revenue on the 3d, amounted to upwards of four millions of dollars.

A California editor some time ago received a long document, which he was requested to "put under his editorial head, gratis." He complied by placing it under his pillow, and expressed his determination to serve similar communications in the same way.

From the National Intelligencer.

The President and the Disunionists—Then and Now.

There is one point which the Radical party, its leaders and its press, with their usual audacity, now assume as a matter of course in the wicked controversy which they have forced upon the President. They lay down as a leading premise, and expect the country to grant it in silence, that his present position is inconsistent with his former record on the subject of the late rebellion, and the parties which were responsible for its creation. They now confront him in hostile array, assail his administrative policy, ask him to surrender all the powers and duties of his great office into their hands, and because he resists their assaults, despises their threats, and refuses to yield to their insolent demands, they cry out with an indignant air of injured innocence that he has turned his back on his friends; that he is false to his ancient and loving allies, and that he has betrayed his party household. How often in all the relations of life are such self-complacent assumptions the strategy of the deadliest enmity and the cloak for the secret operations of the most perfidious treachery! Radical members of Congress have recently visited him, and, with wonderful modesty and good taste, assured him that, after a seven months' trial, his policy of restoration is a failure, but that they will still patronize him with their magnanimous forbearance if he will abdicate in their favor, confess that he has done nothing as yet worthy of ratification by the American people, and keep silent while their superior wisdom supplies the place of his weakness. This is the climax of even this pharisaical and arrogant faction; and perhaps no more proper time could occur than now to recall to their minds and to the recollection of the country the well attested fact that the President never was their friend, never had party affiliations with them, never sought their support, never courted their favor, but always, at all times, and under all circumstances, denounced them as enemies to their country; in favor of disunion, and as the allies of the Southern secessionists. It may as well be clearly understood that the present antagonism between this furious faction of radical revolutionists and the President is nothing new, and need surprise nobody. It is an old battle, partially suspended during the war, while the Northern disunionists were forced by public sentiment to profess an insincere love for the Union, and while Andrew Johnson was struggling for the great cause in fields of danger where they never ventured. It is renewed, however, as soon as they meet again, as certainly as that right and wrong, truth and falsehood, continue their conflict for their supremacy. We do not charge that the Radical faction is inconsistent in its attack upon the President. On the contrary, this fact proves its consistency; but the President is likewise consistent when he pursues his own policy in defiance of theirs. Let us see what opinion the President entertained of them in February, 1861, when the doctrines of secession and disunion were making havoc in the land, and when their authors were justly execrated by every friend of his government. Speaking in the Senate of the United States, in reply to Jefferson Davis, he said:

But, Mr. President, recurring to what I said yesterday, there are two parties in this country that want to break up the Government. Who are they? The nullifiers proper of the South, the secessionists or disunionists, for I use them all as synonymous terms. There is a portion of them who *per se* desire the disruption of the Government for purposes of their own aggrandizement. I do not charge upon them that they want to break up the Government for the purpose of affecting slavery; yet I charge that the breaking up of the Government would have that effect; the result would be the same. Who else is for breaking up this Government? I refer to some bad men in the North. There is a set of men called Abolitionists, and they want to break up the Government. They are disunionists; they are secessionists; they are nullifiers. Sir, the Abolitionists and the distinguished Senator from Mississippi (Mr. Jefferson Davis) and his party both stand in the same attitude, to attain the same end, a dissolution of the Union; the one party believing that it will result in their own aggrandizement South, and the other believing that it will result in the overthrow of the institution of slavery. Who are the disunionists of the North? Who are the "allies" of the distinguished Senator from Mississippi? We find that a resolution was adopted at the anniversary of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, convened in Boston, in these words:

"*Resolved*, That the one great issue before the country is the dissolution of the Union, in comparison with which all other issues with the slave power are as dust in the balance: Therefore we give ourselves to the work of annulling this covenant with death as essential to our own innocence and the speedy and the everlasting overthrow of the slave system."

This resolution was passed by the Abolition Anti-Slavery Society of Massachusetts. They think a dissolution of the Union would result in the destruction of slavery, and absolve them from this "covenant with death," and attest their innocence so far as the Government is concerned. On that we find that Mr. Wendell Phillips made the following remarks:

"I entirely accord with the sentiments of that last resolution. I think all we have to do is to prepare the public mind by the daily and hourly presentation of the doctrine of disunion.—Events which, fortunately for us, the Government itself and other parties are producing with unexampled rapidity, are our best aid."

Mr. Johnson then proceeded at length to cite other authorities in support of his position that the Abolitionists who followed Wendell Phillips, Lloyd Garrison, and the Liberator, and who now hail Charles Sumner and Thaddeus Stevens as their leaders, were disunionists, conspirators, and traitors. His mass of evidence was overwhelming, and he resumed as follows:

"Then, when we come to talk of "allies," whose allies are these gentlemen? Whose allies are the Abolitionists of the North, if they are not the allies of the secessionists and disunionists of the South? Are they not all laboring and toiling to accomplish the same great end, the overthrow of this great nation of ours? Their object is the same. They are both employing to some extent the same means. * * *

Mr. President, I have alluded to this subject of "allies" in order to show who is engaged in this unholy and nefarious work of breaking up this Union. We find first the rum-mad Abolitionists of the North. They are secessionists; they are for disunion; they are for dissolution. When we turn to the South, we see the red-hot Disunionists and Secessionists at the same work. I think it comes with a very bad grace for them to talk about the "allies" of others who are trying to save the Union and preserve the Constitution.

I went back yesterday and showed that South Carolina had held this doctrine of secession at a very early day—a very short time after she entered into the Articles of Confederation, and after she had entered the Union by which and through which the independence of the country was achieved. What else do we find at a very early day? Go to Massachusetts during the war of 1812, and the Hartford Convention, and there you will find men engaged in this treasonable and unhallowed work. Even in 1845, Massachusetts, in manifesting her great opposition to the annexation of Texas to the United States, passed a resolution resolving herself out of the Union. She seceded; she went off by her own act because Texas was admitted into the Union. Thus we find South Carolina and Massachusetts taking the lead in this secession movement."

These extracts very clearly show in what estimation the President held the Radical element of the North, when he was risking his life and all in defence of the Union of the fathers. His invective was poured upon their guilty heads like a stream of consuming fire. He regarded them as architects of their country's ruin, as allies in a crusade of destruction with the secessionists of the South, and with them jointly responsible, before God and man, for the blood, the miseries, the tears, and the unnumbered woes which were then rushing a swift mountain avalanche upon this unhappy nation. They were miserable outlaws from his school of patriotism then; and does any one suppose that his opinion of them now is any higher, when he finds them still at their old trade of disunion? Even during the war, it is familiar to the public mind that he did not spare them. Every one remembers the famous syllogism which he put in a speech at Nashville, whereby he proved that an abolitionist was a secessionist, that a secessionist was an abolitionist, and that both were disunionists. The term abolitionist has, it is true, lost much of its significance, but the men to whom the syllogism applied then are to-day the Radicals who assail him. But if it is contended that neither can the former term of "disunionists" apply to them, let us see.

The President proved that in the opening stages of the rebellion, and for many years prior, they were and had been in favor of a dissolution of the Union. Now that the war for the Union is over, do they yield their point? The Southern secessionists, their old "allies," do; but they adhere to their old heresy by declaring that eleven States have been lopped off, and are no longer members of the Union. The President held in February, 1861, that no power existed anywhere to declare a State out of the Union.—He holds the same opinion now, when Congress, under the lead of Sumner and Stevens, is aiming to do that very thing. He announced in February 1861, that the men, wherever and whoever they might be, who made such an attempt, were conspirators and traitors, and we have the best reason to believe that his mind has undergone no change on that point. The States were not out of the Union in February, 1861, although ordinances of secession had been passed, and a large party then as now declared them no longer living members of the American Union. The States are no more out of the Union now than then, and a party that in 1866 declares that doctrine is no less treasonable in the estimation of the President than the party that did the same in 1861. The one party has been beaten on the field of battle, and the other will be beaten likewise on any field it may choose. The President does not seek any collision, nor will it be found that he will shrink, no matter from what quarter the "allies" of disunion may assail him. And when he appeals to the people, as he will, against those who now arraign him on account of his great, beneficent, and eminently successful policy, he will hear a voice of approval such as but seldom in the history of the world has greeted the ears of a chief magistrate of a free people.

If You are Threatened With Pneumonia, read the following from Capt. W. P. Davis, of Petersburg, Virginia:

"Symp thy for the suffering prompts me to certify that my servant man was suffering in the last stage of Pneumonia throwing up matter and blood in large quantities; his case was considered hopeless, so much so, that there was no medical prescription used for his recovery; I regarded him as good as dead. Hearing of the great cures made by the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS, I thought that I would try an experiment on him; without any hope of success however, I gave the Pills in large doses; in a short time, to my great surprise, there was a change for the better. I continued giving them to him until he became a perfectly sound man. He is now attending to his work with as much strength and vigor as he ever did. With his case, and what I have seen and heard of the good effect of these Pills, I do most earnestly recommend them as the best family medicine I have ever seen or used."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompanying each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 a dozen. Address,

GEORGE W. DEEMS,
jan 5–1m Baltimore, Md.

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina, with the concurrence and advice of the Council of State, do deem it absolutely necessary that the General Assembly of this State be convened before the time appointed for its meeting;

Now, therefore, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, notifying and requesting the members of the General Assembly of North Carolina to meet in special session, at the Capitol, in the city of Raleigh, on Thursday the 18th day of this month.

Given under my hand, and attested by, the great seal of the State, at office, in Raleigh, this the 3rd day of January A. D. 1866, and in the year of our independence the ninetieth.

By the Governor:

JONATHAN WORTH.

WM. H. BAGLEY, Priv. Sec.

☞ All the daily papers in the State copy three times, and weeklies twice, and send bills to the Executive office. 128-3t.

Desirable Farm for Sale.

THE PLANTATION SITUATED ABOUT TWO and a half miles from the village of Magnolia on the Wilmington and Weldon R. R., between that place and Kenansville, and known as "Barbecue," is offered for sale. The tract contains 360 acres, 100 of which are cleared and have been under cultivation, producing excellent Corn, Wheat, potatoes, &c. A portion of the land is also well adapted to the culture of cotton. An inexhaustible bed of Marl, a large spring of as good water as can be found in the State, and a never failing stream, running through the center of the cleared land are among the attractions of the place.

The timbered portion of the land being nearest the Rail Road and the entire place being easy of access to a first rate market, make it a highly desirable location for growing produce, raising stock and selling timber. Any one having the cash, can procure a bargain by applying immediately to

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Jan 2 121-1m

Dr. Wilson's School.

I HAVE ASSOCIATED WITH ME DR. JOHN Wilson, late Principal of the Milton Female Academy, and shall reopen my school on the 1st February, 1866. Dr. Wilson graduated with first distinction at the University of North Carolina in the class of 1848, and has had several years experience in teaching. To my friends and the public I can say, that I know no one whom I would prefer to Dr. W., to be associated with me in my school.

ALEX WILSON.

For terms, &c., address Rev. A. Wilson, D. D, Melville, Alamance County, N. C.

☞ The Salisbury Banner, Charlotte Democrat and Wilmington Journal will please publish four times, and send bills to Rev. Dr. Wilson, Melville.

January 2, 121, 4t.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.

Congress convened to-day according to adjournment.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner introduced petitions from colored people of Alabama and Mississippi, the former asking Congress to secure their freedom to them, the latter asking the right of suffrage. Also petitions from the colored people of Colorado, protesting against the recognition of that State on account of radical injustice to them in the State Constitution.

Mr. Williams introduced a joint resolution proposing to amend the Constitution by providing that Congress shall never have power to appropriate money for payment to any person, on account of the emancipation of slavery in the United States.

Mr. Trumbull introduced a bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedman's Bureau.

HOUSE.—Mr. Spaulding, of Ohio, made a speech contending that Congress alone has power to give vitality to the South, and requiring new guarantees as a basis of representation.—Congress adjourned till Monday.

Shooting Affair in Richmond.

RICHMOND, Jan. 5.

A shooting affray occurred in the Hall of the Capitol to-day, between Pollard of the *Examiner* and Tyler and Coleman of the *Enquirer*.—Six shots were fired without damage. The affair produced great excitement. (Poor shooting that.)

New York Market.

Jan. 5.

Cotton steady at 52 to 53. Navel stores dull. Gold 1,43½.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
KELLOGG & BRENIZER,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 5, 124, 3m.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

WE STILL CONTINUE TO SELL BOOKS AND Stationery, and all other goods in our line. We cannot sell at cost. If we do so, we shall soon be unable to buy other Goods. We have been trading in our line for several years. Our friends have always patronized us largely, for which we are thankful. We have always tried to make a *living profit* on our Goods, and at the same time to give general satisfaction to our customers. We intend still to follow the same rule, which we think fair and honorable. Such books as we do not have on hand we will order for our friends.

Among our late arrivals we have Methodist Hymn Books, Episcopal Prayer Books, Illustrated Children's Books in great variety, Photographs of Southern Generals, and Photograph Albums.

We have also a great variety of Common and Fine Bibles and Testaments. Also a large variety of Sheet Music.

We try to keep all School Books wanted by Teachers, to whom we sell at a liberal discount.

Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

We are prepared to do the best BOOK BINDING in the neatest style at short notice.

We want to trade with our friends for years to come, hence we will sell as cheap as we can under the circumstances.

BRANSON & FARRAR,
No. 40 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

JOHN S. DANCY, (Of Tarboro, N. C.)
JOHN H. HYMAN, (Late of Scotland Neck, N. C.)
P. M. HYMAN, (Late of Warrenton, N. C.)

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
Commission and Purchasing Merchants.
No. 86 CEDAR STREET, NEW-YORK.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are now prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

FORWARDING AGENTS!
W. H. NCKARY & CO., Wilmington N. C.
HUGHES & DILL, Newbern, N. C.
GEORGE H. BROWN, Washington, N. C.
SMITH & BRO., Norfolk, Va.
Nov. 13-62-6m.

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C.
A. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

Faucette & Bro.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.
December 16 110-3ms.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.
November 29 96-1y.

HENRY R. BRYAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERNE, N. C.
Dec. 29-118-3m.

C. W. WESTBROOK, G. W. ALBRIGHT

Westbrook & Albright,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
FRUIT TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
EVERGREENS,
FLOWERS,
Shrubbery, and Vegetable and Flower Seed,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Greensboro, N. C.

Standard Trees for Orchards and Dwarf Trees of all kinds for Gardens, with a choice variety of small fruits, etc., etc. List of prices sent to applicants, gratis.

Greensboro, Dec. 9-104-1m pd.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE 20TH SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, the 12th of February, in the magnificent building erected by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

For Circulars, showing the course of instruction, terms, regulations, &c., apply to

J. H. MILLS, Oxford, N. C.
December 16-115—10t2aw pd.

CHARLES J. BAKER. WM. BAKER. CHARLES E. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,
Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for
BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS,
Druggists Glassware, Vials, Bottles, Jars, &c.
BI CARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals
Paints, Oils, Glue,
Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.
No. 32 AND 34 S. CHARLES ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Nov. 20-88 3m.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
79 *PEARL ST., NEW YORK.*

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth, Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped on all Rail Roads and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER, Charlotte, N C
DANIEL WORTH, Company Shops, "
S. G. MURPHY, New York City, "
ROBERT R. SWEPSON, " "
G. W. SWEPSON, Haw River; N C
C. P. MENDENHALL, Greensboro, "
October 26, 1865-69 tf.

PALMER'S 1865
PATENT 10,000 IN USE.
1609 CHESTNUT ST. PHILADELPHIA.
ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK. 19 GREEN ST. BOSTON.
ADDRESS THE INVENTOR,
B. FRANK. PALMER, M. D. PRES'T. A. A. LIMB CO.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr. Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H. TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.
Dec. 5-101-tf.

Selling at Cost!

$20,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS,
consisting of
MERINOS, DELAINES,
ALPACCAS, POPLINS,
ENGLISH & FRENCH CALICOES,
CURTAIN CALICO,
FRENCH W'KD HDK'FS & COLLARS,
BUTTONS, TAPES, &c., &c.
—ALSO—
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, LADIES' HATS, OIL CLOTHS, LADIES' SHOES, HOSIERY, &c.

A very large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Suits $20 to $35.
Ladies' CLOAKS, from $7 to $22.
—ALSO—
20,000 CIGARS—$26 to $42 per thousand.

☞ The attention of country merchants is called to this advertisement, as they can supply themselves with goods at New York cost.

GOLDSTEIN & WILSONS'
AT J. C. PALMER'S Store.
RALEIGH, Nov. 29th, 1865-96 tf.

Selling Off

OUR LARGE STOCK
OF

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes, Hats,
Groceries,
Liquors, etc., etc.,

as cheap as those advertising to sell

AT COST!

No gammon or nonsense.

We will not be undersold.

"The proof of the pudding," &c.

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.,
(OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG.)
Dec, 13rd, 1865 107 tf.

Wanted,

BY A YOUNG LADY, A GRADUATE OF G. F. College, who has had five years' experience in teaching the English branches and Music, a situation in a private family. Testimonials given and required. Address immediately,

MISS L. Greensboro, N. C. Box 46
December 23, 1865-116 tf.

Classical and Mathematical School,
14 *miles East of Raleigh.*

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 15th of January, 1866.

Board $15 per month. Tuition $30 per session. Lights extra.

Address the Principal at Raleigh

WM. C. DOUB, Principal.
Dec 13 106 3t.

Select Male School.
IN WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A competent teacher, I am prepared to receive in to my family as pupils, a few boys. Exercises commence January 8th, 1866.

Tuition per Session of Ten my Weeks:

Classics,	$30 00
Elementary,	15 00
Board, exclusive of lights,	50 00

The above on a specie basis. Terms one half in advance. Address

REV. CHAS. M. COOK,
Dec 20-113 2w Littleton, N. C.

English and Classical School.

I WILL OPEN MY SCHOOL NEXT SESSION IN the School House on Nash Square.

I propose to teach all of the English, Classical and Mathematical branches ordinarily taught at Academies.

Duration—Five months from January 1st to June 1st 1866.

Terms per Session—Twenty-five dollars, payments monthly.

School Hours—From 8 o'clock A M to 2 P M.

In addition to the regular studies, I will devote a short time each day to *bodily exercise*, or the physical development of the pupils.

W. HAL. HARRISON.
Raleigh, December 21-114—3w.

Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-81-tf.

A Happy New Year to all my CUSTOMERS.

ONE MERCHANT ADVERTISES "HIGH PRIces knocked in the head," another and another, that they are "selling off at cost," &c. But my motto is, "*Quick sales and small profits*"

1866 has brought me calico, which I can sell at 20 cents per yard, and a handsome profit. If you would economize, call and examine my goods before you purchase elsewhere. J. KINSEY.

Raleigh, January 2 121—3t.

OFFICE OF NORTH STATE IRON & BRASS WORKS, Raleigh, N. C., Dec'r 23, 1865.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT TO close up the business of Shay, Williamson & Co., I hereby notify all creditors to present their claims, and all debtors to the firm to come forward and settle.

All the personal effects of the firm will be sold for cash at Auction, Thursday, January 25th, 1866, at the office of this Company in Raleigh.

B P. WILLIAMSON, Agent.
Dec 23, 116, t2 1jan:

OLD N. C. 6's FOR SALE.

ON MONDAY THE 8TH OF JANUARY NEXT, I will sell to the highest bidder

FOUR N. C. BONDS, OLD SIXES,

belonging to the estate of the late Miss Elisabeth Hinton. Sale to take place at 12 o'clock before the office of John G. Williams & Co.

A credit of twelve months will be given the purchaser.

WM. R. MILLER, Ex.
Raleigh, Dec. 23-1w.

FOR SALE.

JUST ARRIVED PER STEAM SHIP LOUISA MOORE,

200 barrels extra State Flour.
503 Sacks Liverpool Salt.
200 Bales North River Hay.

GEO. W. DILL.
Jan. 1-120-2w.

WANTED,

INFORMATION—WILLIE REESE (A SOLDIER) left Richmond for his home in Alabama, on the 10th of last March, in bad health. Any information in regard to him will be thankfully received by his distressed parents.

W. P. REESE,
Selma Alabama.
Jan 1-119-1m.

A NO. 1 COTTON PLANTATION
For Lease or Rent,

WITH ENABLE LAND SUFFICIENT FOR raising 400 or 500 bales of Cotton; large dwelling house, gin house and all other necessary buildings, situated 12 miles from Charlotte, and 2 miles from Harrisburg Station, N. C. Rail Road.

The necessary mules, stock, &c., for the place will be sold to the lessee. Appiy to

J. L. MOREHEAD,
Charlotte, N. C.
Jan. 2 121-10t.

Pioneer Line of Steamers
FOR
Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, via Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal:

THE COMMODIOUS STEAMERS PIONEER and Commodore Adams, will leave Newberne for Norfolk on *TUESDAY* of each week at 8 o'clock A M, connecting with the different lines of steamers for the above-named points. On and after the first day of December next they will leave on Tuesday and Friday of each week, making semi-weekly trips. Shippers of Goods will receive every facility and accommodation for the transportation of the same, as arrangements have been made with the different companies to forward goods to this line at low rates and without delay. Each of these steamers are capable of carrying

250 *TONS OF FREIGHT*,

through the canal without difficulty, as they were built expressly for the trade. They are fitted up with *STATE ROOMS* and *BERTHS* capable of accommodating thirty-five passengers. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers, who will not be subject to the inconvenience of transfer to other vessels, but will be taken through direct without charge.

The tables of the steamers are liberally supplied with the best the market affords. Families traveling will find it to their interest to take this line, as they will thereby escape the danger and discomfort of a sea route, and the fatigue of railroad travel.

On the 15th of December next, if the business of the line warrants it, the steamer *Williams* will be put on the route, and 3rd weekly trips will be made.

For freight or passage apply to Whitford, Dill & Co., Newbern, N. C.

DAVID WILLIAMS, *Proprietor*
November 22-91-tf.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va.
P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited.

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO
Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Sen & Co, Donuans and Johnson, Martin & Tunstall, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R J Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Jones, Greensboro, N C; J Wilkie, Superintendent N C R R. 97-tf.

N. C. Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS of the North Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held in this City on the 2nd day of January, for the purpose of electing Officers, &c.

E. R. SMITH, Sec'y.
Raleigh, December 28 117-1wpd.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

[From the New York News]

Chronological Events of the Past Year.

APRIL.

1. Continuation of the battle of "Five Forks;" battle of Ebenezer Church, Alabama.

2. Fourth day of the operations against Petersburg. Battle of Selma, Alabama. Demonstration in New York in honor of the fall of Charleston. Capture of steamer Harriet Deford at Fair Haven, by a party of Confederates.—Gen. Lee telegraphed President Davis that his lines had been broken, and that it would be necessary to evacuate Richmond. That night the evacuation of the city is accomplished.—Fearful scenes of conflagration in Richmond.

3. The advance of Gen. Grant's army, under Gen. Weitzel, enters Richmond without opposition. General W. assumes command of the city.

4. Major General Sheridan arrived at Jetersville, Va., General Lee being at Amelia Court House Gen. Grant announced by telegraph that his entire losses would not exceed 7,000.

5. Secretary Seward thrown from his carriage his arm being broken and his face much injured. Battle of Paine's Cross Roads.

6. Battle of Sailor's Creek, Va., Lieutenant General Grant sent a note to Gen. Lee stating that the surrender of the Confederate army would stop the further effusion of blood.

7. Gen. Lee asks General Grant's terms.

9. Gen. Lee asks for an interview with General Grant; General Grant states in a letter to General Lee the terms on which alone he was empowered to meet; General Lee finally accepts the terms; a truce was agreed on, and measures were adopted for the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia.

10. Blakely river, near Mobile, blockaded by the Octorora. A proclamation issued by President Lincoln, releasing certain Southern ports from blockade. Another proclamation issued, stating that the restrictions placed on American vessels during the war by foreign nations would be no longer tolerated. A confederate ram on the Roanoke river blown up by a torpedo.—Lynchburg surrendered.

11. Grand Te Deum in Trinity Church, New York, in honor of Union victories.

12. Montgomery, Alabama, surrendered.—Major Dodge, Provost Marshal of New York, announces his determination to "draw a fine tooth comb through New York" to obtain the men who were drafted.

13. Kilpatrick's cavalry entered Raleigh, North Carolina. Order from Washington stopping the draft.

14. Major General Anderson, raised the "old flag" on Fort Sumter. Henry Ward Beecher, by appointment of the President, gave an address on the occasion. Assassination of Abraham Lincoln President of the United States, at Ford's Theatre, Washington, by John Wilkes Booth, about 9.30 P. M. Attempted assassination of William H. Seward, Secretary of State, by W. H. Payne.

15. Death of President Lincoln at 7.22 A. M. The oath of office, as President of the United States, taken by Andrew Johnson, Vice-President.

16. West Point, Georgia, captured. Columbus, Georgia, taken by General Upon, of Wilson's cavalry.

17. Memorandum of agreement drawn up between Generals Sherman and Johnston, at Durham's Station, North Carolina. The arrangement disapproved by the President and Cabinet, and General Grant immediately ordered to North Carolina to take command of the army, if requisite, and regulate the subsequent terms for Johnston's surrender.

20. Issue of proclamation offering large rewards for the assassin of the President and his accomplices. Arrest of A. Atzerott, one of Booth's accomplices.

21. Macon, Georgia, captured by Wilson's cavalry.

22. Major General Halleck assumes command of the Military Department of Virginia.

23. The Confederate ram Webb ran out of the Red river and passed the United States blockading fleet on the Mississippi.

24. President Johnson issues a proclamation appointing Thursday, May 25th, as a day of public mourning throughout the United States on account of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln—arrival of the remains in New York Philadelphia; presentation to the War Department of fifty-one Confederate flags captured by Sheridan's cavalry.

25. The steamer Hamilton, with United States troops, struck by a torpedo below Mobile—thirteen persons were killed or wounded; grand and imposing obsequies of the late President in New York.

26. J. Wilkes Booth and David C. Harrold chased through a swamp in St. Mary's county, Md., when they took refuge in a barn near Port Royal, Virginia, on the Rappahannock. Booth, refusing to surrender, was shot through the head and killed, and Harrold taken prisoner.—Surrender of Gen. Johnston's army.

27. A true bill found by the Grand Jury of Toronto against Jacob Thompson, C. C. Clay, W. B. Cleary, and Messrs. Lawrence, Donald and Young, for a breach of the neutrality laws. The steamer Sultana, with over two thousand soldiers on board, blew up near Memphis; about fourteen hundred lives were lost.

28. Order issued by the United States War Department for the reduction of the army expenses.

29. President Johnson postpones the day of general mourning to June 1st. The President issues a proclamation removing all restrictions on internal and coastwise commercial intercourse.

MAY.

1. Proclamation of the President to try the persons implicated in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln by Court Martial. The Confederate ram Webb blown up below New Orleans.

2. Proclamation of President Johnson against Beverly Tucker, and other alleged conspirators in Canada—large rewards offered for their arrest.

3. Discharge of 2,200 conscripts at Riker's Island.

4. The remains of President Lincoln interred at Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, Illinois.

5. Surrender of the Confederate Commodore Farraud to Admiral Matcher, at Cottonville, Alabama.

6. Review of the Second and Fifth Army Corps in Richmond, Va., on their way home, by Gen. Halleck. Trial of the conspirators at Washington.

9. Proclamation of the President declaring the war closed.

10. Capture of Ex-President Davis and his staff by a detachment of the Fourth Michigan Cavalry.

11. Three hundred white and colored troops caught in ambush, near Brownsville, by the Confederates; they are driven back with a loss of 220 men. Terrible tornado in Philadelphia; 28 houses blown down.

19. Arrival of Mr. Davis and family, and Alex. H. Stephens, at Fortress Monroe, in the steamer Clyde.

21. Fire at Niblo's Theatre, New York. Riot about colored people riding in the Philadelphia cars.

22. The Southern blockade removed by a proclamation of the President, to take effect July 1st. The ports of Galveston, La Salle, Brazos de Santiago and Brownsville not included in the order.

23. Review of the Second and Fifth Corps by the President and General Grant at Washington.

24. Review of General Sherman's army at Washington.

25. Explosion of the ordnance depot at Mobile; 500 persons killed or wounded. Capture of Sabine Pass.

26. Terms for the surrender of Kirby Smith's army agreed to at New Orleans.

27. Order from the War Department directing all persons committed by military tribunals during the war, to be discharged.

28. Evacuation of San Domingo by the Spanish forces.

29. Proclamation of Amnesty issued by the President. Wm. W. Holden appointed Provisional Governor of North Carolina.

JUNE.

1. Occupation of Brownsville, Texas, by the United States forces. Day of mourning and prayer for President Lincoln.

5. Galveston, Texas, reoccupied by the United States forces.

8. Review of the Sixth Army Corps at Washington. United States Quartermaster and Commissary stores destroyed by fire at Chattanooga and Nashville, Tennessee. Loss about $10,500,000.

11. Mutiny in the Twenty-fifth Colored Corps at Fortress Monroe.

13. Appointment of William L. Sharkey as Provisional Governor of Mississippi. Proclamation of the President removing restrictions on trade on the Mississippi River.

14. Arrest of John Mitchel at the office of the New York *Daily News*.

16. James Johnson appointed Provisional Governor of Georgia, and Andrew S. Hamilton of Texas.

17. Alexander H. Stevens and Robert E. Lee apply for pardon.

21. Lewis A. Parsons appointed Provisional Governor of Alabama. The Virginia Legislature assembled at Richmond.

23. Proclamation of the President declaring the blockade raised. Death of Admiral Dupont.

24. A deputation of South Carolina citizens wait on the President.

26. Burning of the emigrant ship Wm. Nelson; immense loss of life.

27. Division of the United States into five Military Departments.

28. Farewell address of General Meade to the Army of the Potomac.

JULY.

1. B. F. Perry appointed Provisional Governor of South Carolina.

4. Grand civic and military demonstration in New York in honor of the close of the war.

5. Approval for a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Mrs. Surratt denied. Conspirators hung at Washington.

12. Burning of Barnum's Museum, New York.

16. The laying of the Atlantic telegraph cable commenced.

17. Great destruction of whalers by the Shenandoah in the Pacific.

18. Obsequies of Madame Jumel, widow of Aaron Burr, at Washington Heights, New York.

20. Destruction of the American vessel Abigail, by the Shenandoah.

22. Launch of the ram Dunderberg, in New York.

23. Military Riot in Chicago.

25. Municipal election in Richmond. Mutiny in the 150th New York Zouaves.

28. The Richmond municipal election declared null and void by General Terry.

30. Loss of steamship Brother Jonathan, near Crescent City, Oregon. Immense loss of life.

31. The steamship Glasgow burned at sea.

AUGUST.

1. Celebration of British emancipation in the West Indies.

5. Fearful ravages of the cholera at Constantinople.

14. Mississippi State Convention assembled at Jackson. Second failure of the Atlantic cable.

17. Earthquake at Memphis, Tennessee.

18. Military Commission appointed to try Captain Wirz.

19. Provisional Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, authorizes a Proclamation organizing the Militia. General Slocum issues a counter proclamation forbidding such organization.

21. Mississippi Convention abolishes slavery in that State.

23. The Wirz Military Commission assembles.

28. Execution of ex-President Barrios of San Salvador.

SEPTEMBER.

1. Battle of Powder River, between United States troops and Indians.

2. General Slocum ordered to countermand his militia order by the President.

4. Election of delegates to South Carolina Convention.

14. Indian chiefs renounce their allegiance to the Confederacy, and sign a treaty of peace with the United States.

15. State Convention of South Carolina repeals the ordinance of secession.

18. Spain commences hostilities against Chili.

23. Convention of Alabama abolishes slavery, and repeals ordinance of secession.

OCTOBER.

2. Election in Connecticut; negroes denied the right to vote by a majority of 6,000. Election of Gen. Humphreys as Governor of Mississippi.

6. North Carolina repeals the ordinance of secession.

7. North Carolina abolishes slavery in that State.

11. Release of Alex. H. Stephens and others. Negro insurrection in Jamaica. Consecration of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Quintard as Episcopal Bishop of Tennessee.

12. Martial law abolished in Kentucky.

15. Loss of the steamship Atlanta.

16. Firemen's great jubilee in Philadelphia. Meeting of the Fenian Congress.

18. Death of Lord Palmerston.

20. Execution of the guerrillas, Champ Ferguson and Henry C. Magruder. Loss of the steamship Republic. Earl Russell appointed Premier of England.

27. The Georgia Convention repeals the ordinance of secession. Imposing obsequies of Lord Palmerston.

28. President Johnson appoints the first Thursday in December as a day of Thanksgiving.

NOVEMBER.

1. Departure of Sir Morton Peto and the British capitalists. Appeal to the Canadian Orangemen to resist the Fenians.

2. Arrival of the steamship Atlanta, at New York, with cholera on board.

7. Elections in New York, New Jersey and other States; success of the Republican ticket.

8. Surrender of the Shenandoah.

9. Discovery of a Fenian plot in Toronto.

10. Execution of Captain Wirz.

13. Suicide of the Hon. Preston King.

15. The Imperialists on the Rio Grande fired into by a Federal transport.

20. Grand reception to General Grant at Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York.

21. Great storm on the Atlantic coast.

22. Tobacco Convention at Cooper Institute, New York.

24. Escape of "Head Centre" Stevens from Richmond Prison, Dublin.

30. Luby, proprietor of the *Irish People*, sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment.

DECEMBER.

1. Proclamation of the President restoring the writ of *habeas corpus*.

2. Great fire in State street, New York; loss $500,000. Great fire in Columbus, Mississippi; loss $1,000,000.

4. Assembling of the Thirty-ninth Congress.

5. Charter election in New York—John T. Hoffman chosen Mayor. O'Leary, a Fenian sentenced at Dublin to twenty years' imprisonment.

7. Day of National Thanksgiving. Death of King Leopold.

19. Special message of President Johnson to Congress; he declares the Southern States in the Union.

21. Congress adjourns to January 5th.—Great gale on the Atlantic coast; numerous shipwrecks.

25. Negro riot in Alexandria. Negro disturbances also at Norfolk, Va., Wilmington, North Carolina, Clarksville, Tennessee, and other points.

26. The President relieves Provisional Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, and recognizes the regular Governor Humphreys.

28. Installation of Jonathan Worth, the regularly elected Governor of North Carolina.—Captain Semmes, of Alabama fame, arrived in Washington under arrest.

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Old County Wharf,

Foot of Craven Street,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

October 30-69-3mos.

HOUSE FOR RENT.

I WILL RENT FOUR GOOD ROOMS IN A HOUSE on Fayetteville street. Apply immediately to

A. R. RAVEN,

At Branson & Farrar's Book Store.

Raleigh, Jan. 1-120-1w.

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat. Apply immediately with references, to

DR J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.

December 16, 1865-101-2w.

☞ *Standard* please copy.

JOHN M. CONWAY,

(*Successor to Geo. W. Powers & Co.*)

Commission Merchant,

Agent for the sale of

COTTON YARNS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DRILLS, OSNABURGS, &c., &c

☞ Consignments and Orders sol'cited. ☜

15 Park Place, New York.

Dec 22-115-1aw 6ts.

DISSOLUTION.

OFFICE OF NORTH STATE IRON & BRASS WORKS, Raleigh, N. C., Dec'r 23, 1865.

THE FIRM OF SHAY, WIDLIAMSON & CO. IS issolved from this d te.

B. P. Williamson, Raleigh, N. C., is appointed sole Agent to close up the business.

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Dec 23th1865, 116, t24jan.

NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF Olin College, at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, I give notice, that the school will be opened at the usual time in January, 1866. An advertisement, stating full particulars, will shortly appear. Address me at Olin, Iredell County, N. C.

JAMES SOUTHGATE, President.

Dec 23-116-tf.

H. C. WHEELER,

OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,

WITH

JAMES PALMER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.

No. 439 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

Nov. 11 81 6m.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.

$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.

$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

CALL AND EXAMINE,

CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS

☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale.

PH. THEIM

December 14-108-tf.

S. D. WALLACE, J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865 26-tf.

Winston's Reports.

LAW Reports, June Term, 1864, $3 25

Equity " " " 75

Law " Oct. & Dec. Terms, " 2 25

Equity " December " " 75

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Raleigh, Nov 25-93-tf.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines, Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for *cash*, or change for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket Cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters, very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odonsilane*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume, at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER, certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fig Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricophorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums, and Philocome, Pomades, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis' Pain Killer, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deems', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFF'S Scheidam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Kemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

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MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

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BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye, at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs, at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

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Raleigh, Oct 26-89 tf.

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ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

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GEORGE T. COOKE,

Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.

sep 2, 1865-34-tf.

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EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 22-90-tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

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KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

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which we offer low to Jobbers.

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November 23-91-6m-pd.

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WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels (each) January Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro, October 6-82-tf.

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GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

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We expect a supply of these invaluable Fertilizers in a short time and solicit orders for the same from our old customers and farmers generally.

Dec. 6 102-1m

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THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

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N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

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Greensboro, Nov. 12-82-tf.

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RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16, 86—tf.

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October 5 52-3mos.

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Aug 30. 20-tf.

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OF

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UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

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Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,

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OF

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CAPITAL, - - - $555 000

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L. W. PEGK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf.

Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,

Superintendent's Office,

Raleigh, N. C., November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule.

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh, : : : : 4 30 A. M.

Arrive Gaston, : : : : 10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston, : : : : 2 15 P. M.

Arrive Raleigh, : : : : 8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points

ALBERT JOHNSON,

76-tf. Superintendent.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

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Of Stokes County, N. C.

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COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

AND

Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.

Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.

Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.

Wilmington, N C., Sep. 16 35 6m pd.

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